





Global Agendas

On geospatial information, common geographies and administrative units:



UN-GGIM Africa

Africa Plan of Action on geospatial information



UN-GGIM

Core data (see FGDT), including for geospatial and statistical integration (see GSGF)



UNGEGN

Promotion of geographic names



Rio+20

For policy making, programming and project operations



SDGs

National ownership in supporting and tracking progress of the SDGs

Deliverables



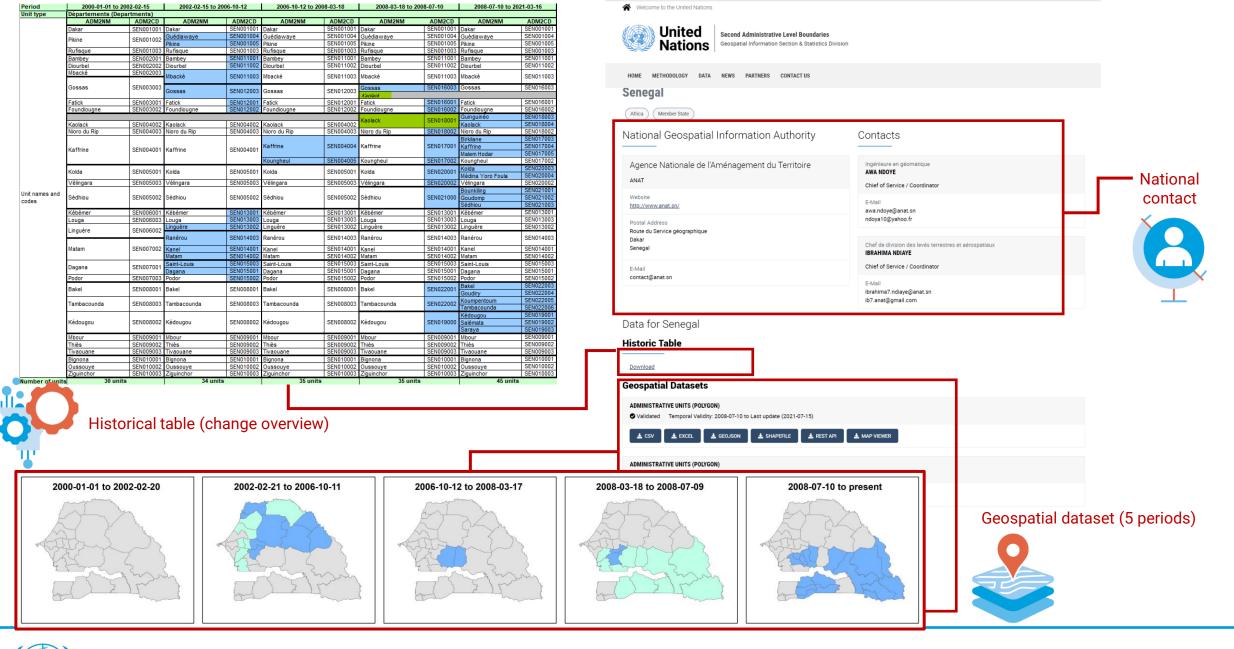
Identify and maintain of **authoritative contact information** of the National Geospatial Authorities responsible for administrative boundaries **validation**



Compile **complete and consistent** GIS dataset **worldwide** for administrative boundaries and names at first and second level below national, at 1 million scale;

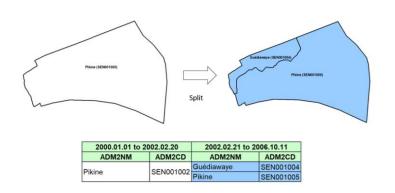


Maintain a table overview of **historical changes** (data through time) of national administrative units and names

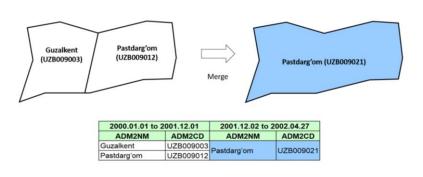




Historical changes since 2000



Split



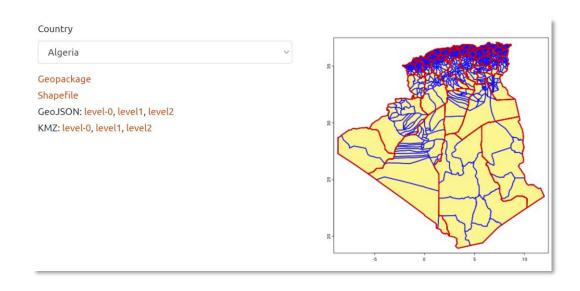
Merge

- Split
- Merge
- Renaming of administrative units
- Adding a new administrative level in the administrative structure
- Changing the administrative unit type for a given administrative level
- Removing a level in the administrative structure
- Re-introducing a level in the administrative structure

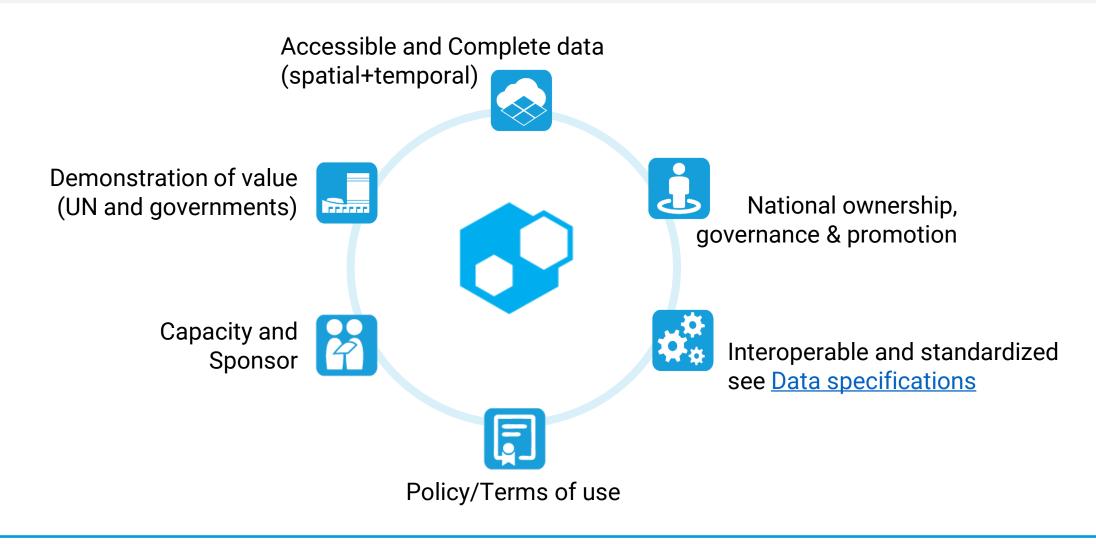
Include treatment of territories with special status (territory without administration or under national administration)

National ownership





SALB components



What for?

Make available accessible and interoperable common geographies to compare areas, sub-national and regional levels and time for decision-makers within and between countries and across sectors, ministries or SDGs



Data is only useful as it is used



Agriculture



Health



Gender



Water



Inequalities



Disasters



Subnational data: Sri Lanka

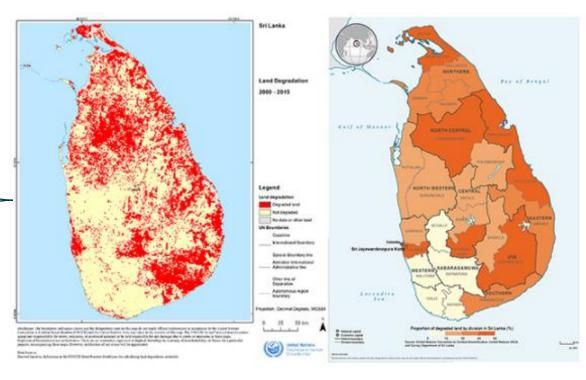


Data on land degradation (raster)



SDG10: priority districts

Land degradation by district







Subnational data: Madagascar

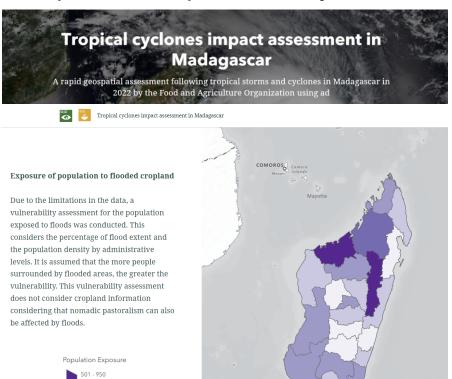


Agency impact assessment on Tropical cyclones with Ministry of Agriculture



Zero Hunger & Climate Action

Population exposure to cyclones







Subnational data: Benin and Togo

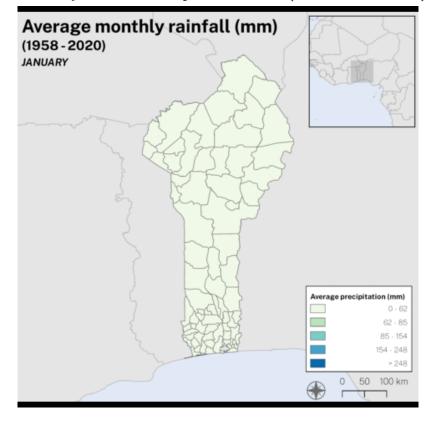


Analysis of school calendar and Climate



Agency modeling on school calendar

Precipitation by month (1958-2020)





Subnational data: Malawi

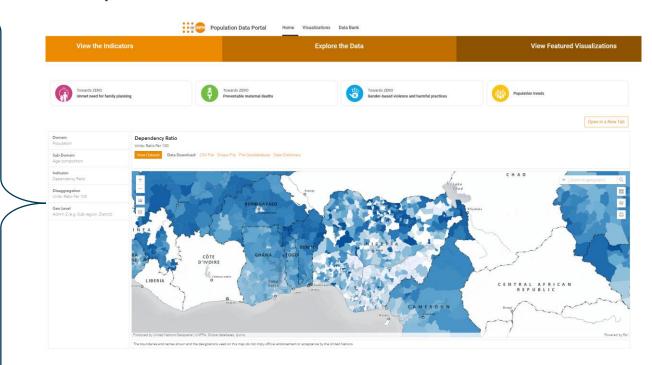


SDG topic: Gender Equality

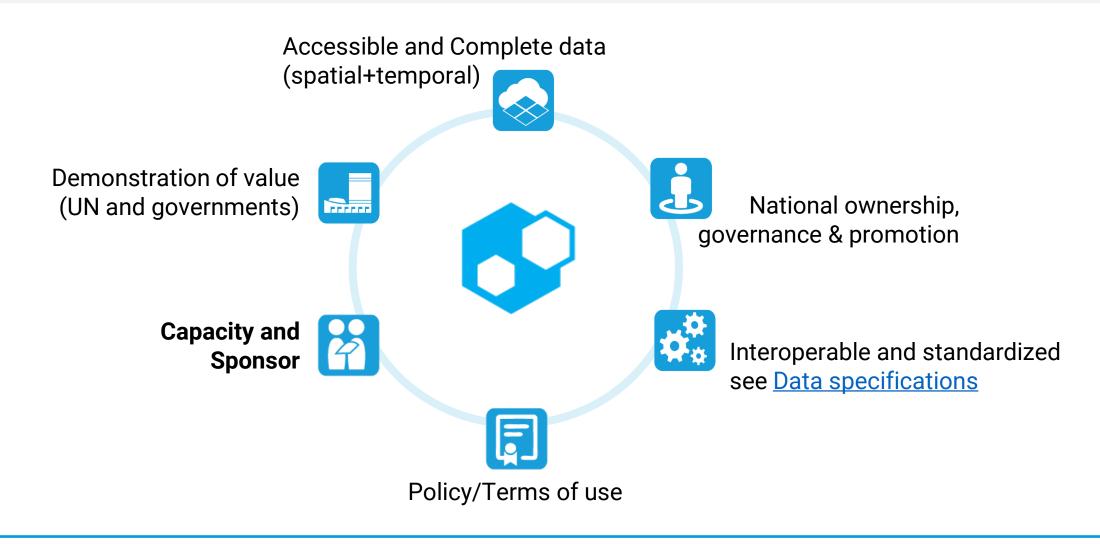


Agency analysis on gender-based violence

Population data estimates across countries



SALB components



Capacity and sponsor



Abidjan 2021

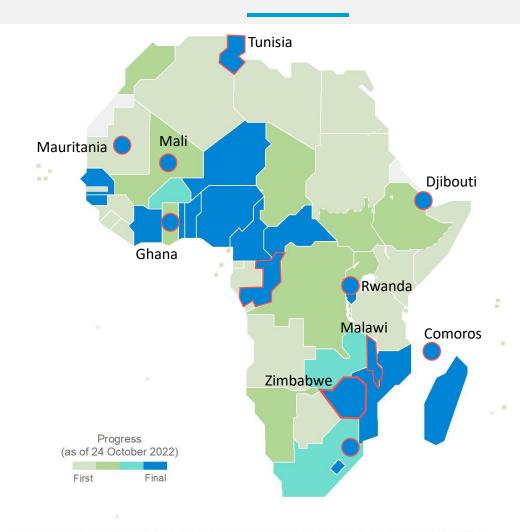


Bamako 2022





Current status of completion



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined.